oo, win oc nealed as maipiached.

0

4

STEELS CE

USN									0AE	263
	1 1	25 3	l .		1	l		5. 11. 5	- 1	

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018 Aerodynamics – II

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- a. What is a source sheet? Explain. Derive the velocity potential at a point P at a distance r from a source sheet of strength λ per unit length.
 - b. Consider lifting flow over an arbitrary body and derive an expressions for total surface velocity induced at the 'i' th control point employing vertex panel method and application of Kutta condition.

 (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Derive fundamental equation of Prandtl's Lifting line theory. (10 Marks)
 - b. State Biot-Savart law and derive velocity induced at a particular point due to semi-infinite vertex. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Obtain linearized potential flow equation for flow over airfoil using small perturbation theory. (12 Marks)
 - b. Briefly explain Boundary condition in consistent with linearized velocity potential equation.
 (04 Marks)
 - c. For a thin symmetric airfoil in an incompressible flow, the coefficient of lift is $C_1 = 2\pi\alpha$, where α is angle of attack. Find the increase in co-efficient of lift curve slope when Mach number is increased to 0.7.
- 4 a. What is critical Mach number? Derive an expression for critical pressure coefficient in terms of critical Mach number. (10 Marks)
 - b. Derive an expression for speed of sound for isentropic condition. (10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Briefly explain: (i) Formation flight. (ii) Ground effects. (10 Marks)
 - b. An aeroplane of weight 'W' and span '2s' is flying horizontally near the ground at altitude 'h' and speed 'V'. Estimate the reduction in drag due to ground effect. If $W = 22 \times 10^4 N$, h = 15.2 m, s = 13.7 m, V = 45 m/s. Calculate the reduction in Newtons. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Derive pressure coefficient using small perturbation values. (10 Marks)
 - b. Describe the subsonic flow past an axially symmetric body of revolution at zero-incidence. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. What is a swept wing? Bring out the aerodynamic characteristics of swept wing, with relevant graphs and sketches.

 (10 Marks)
 - b. What are High Lift devices? List them and explain their effects an aerodynamic characteristics with suitable graphs.

 (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Derive the Navier-stokes equation for two-dimensional flow. (10 Marks)
 - b. Briefly explain about Boundary-layer properties. (10 Marks)

* * * * *